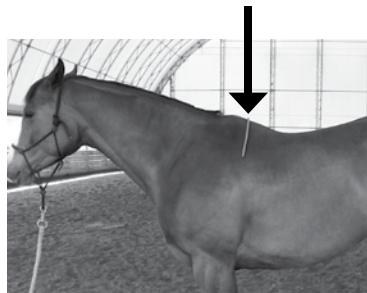




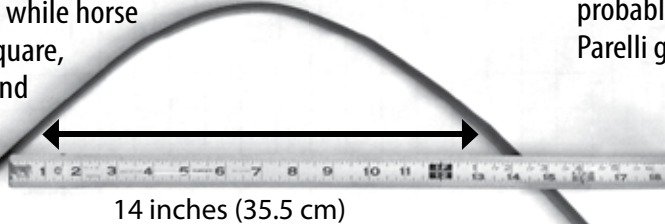
STANDARD size gullet or SUPERWIDE?

HOW TO make your most scientific decision:

1. Take FLEXICURVE measurements at 3 key places on your horse's back, and trace them on paper.
2. Measure (and mark) a 14" (35.5 cm) span on each tracing.
(exactly horizontal, as far down the arc as necessary to reach exactly 14")
3. Measure (and mark) the VERTICAL span from the highest point in the arc down to your line.
- 4: Compare your measurements with data given below.

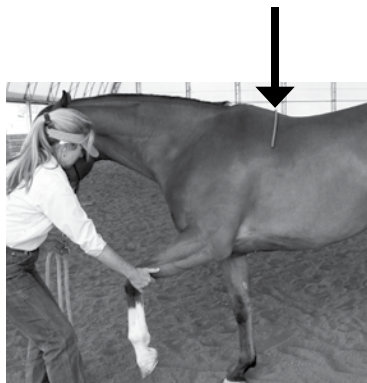


1. Flexicurve over the withers at position of the BACK EDGE of the SCAPULA while horse is standing square, on level ground

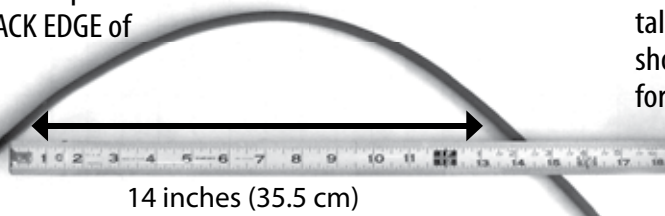


If this #1 vertical measurement is 6" (15.2 cm) or taller down to the 14" span, the shoulder is probably suited for a STANDARD Parelli gullet saddle.

Note: if horse has atrophy and/or rotated shoulders, a SUPERWIDE Parelli saddle may still be good if the other 2 Flexicurve 14" spans are shallow enough

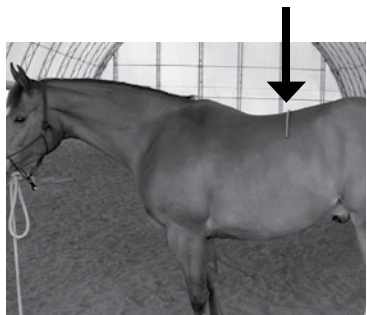


2. Flexicurve over spine at position of BACK EDGE of SCAPULA at point of its MAXIMUM Back-swing

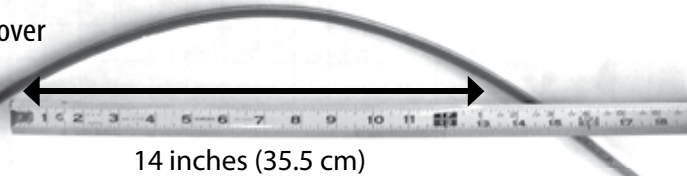


If this #2 vertical measurement is 5-1/4" (or taller down to the 14" span, the shoulder is likely suited for a STANDARD

Note: STANDARD may still be good if the BACK Flexicurve is NOT very wide and this vertical measurement is less than 5-1/4" (13.2 cm)



3. Flexicurve over spine at center BACK



where RIDER will sit (back about 2/3 of the distance between top of wither and tip of hip bone)

If this #3 vertical measurement is 2-3/4" (7 cm) or taller...
2-3/4" (7 cm) or taller = STANDARD.
2-1/4" (5.7 cm) to 2-5/8" (6.7 cm) , look at Backswing measurement
2-1/8" (5.4 cm) or LESS = SUPERWIDE

This #3 vertical distance from the top of the arc of the BACK is the MOST IMPORTANT indicator for need of a SUPERWIDE or STANDARD